

Procoat Traditional Oil Stain

Product	Procoat Traditional Oil Stain PR400	
Description	Procoat Traditional Oil Stain is a linseed oil modified stain that provides colour and protection, and enhances timber surfaces while allowing the natural grain to show through. Ideal for weatherboards, pergolas and fences. Procoat Traditional Oil Stain contains additional drying additives to ensure a completely dry, tack-free finish.	
Typical Uses	May be used on suitably prepared: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Pergolas, gates, weatherboards - Rough sawn and smooth timbers - Bare or previously oiled exterior timber 	
Physical Properties	Binder type Solvent Colour Finish Dry time Recoat time Number of coats Theoretical coverage Thinning and clean up	Modified oil Mineral turpentine Selected standard colours Matt, oiled-look finish 4 hours at 20°C (may take longer to become tack-free) 24 hours at 20°C 1-2 4-12m ² per litre per coat, depending on timber Mineral turpentine
Preparation	Ensure the surface is in sound condition, dry, and free from dirt, dust and other contaminants. Oils and grease must be removed with a suitable cleaner. Where there has been mould, treat the area with a moss and mould remover. Treat old weathered timber with Procoat Timber Cleaner to remove dead wood fibres and discolouration. <p>Stir well during use and during application with a broad flat paddle, using an up and down scooping motion.</p> <p>If multiple tins of stain are being used, we recommend mixing them all together to ensure a consistent colour.</p> <p>Do not apply to new dressed timber or timber that is damp. Allow timber to fully dry and weather before staining.</p> <p>Any timber showing signs of mill glaze should be sanded to improve penetration.</p>	
Application	Procoat Traditional Oil Stain may be applied by brush or applicator pad. Consult your local paint specialist for recommendations. <p>Bare timber</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Apply 1 coat of Procoat Traditional Oil Stain, ensuring it is worked well into the timber 2. A second coat may be required on rough sawn timbers <p>Previously stained surfaces</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Wash well and treat as above 2. Apply 1 coat of Procoat Traditional Oil Stain, ensuring it is worked well into the timber <p>Note: Excessive coats will cause a varnished look and may lead to early failure of the stain. When restaining, always check the absorbency of the substrate, if the stain doesn't penetrate, sand back to bare timber.</p>	



Maintenance	All new work should have a second coat of stain applied after the first summer to allow the timber and stain to weather in.
Performance	<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Natural finish that still retains the look of the natural grain– Protects and enhances the timber
Limitations	<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Not to be used over any surface that has been previously painted– Should not be applied if temperatures are below 10°C or when it is liable to drop below 10°C during the drying period– Stop staining 4 hours before dew fall, or if rain looks likely– Stain may darken or change colour progressively as timber weathers– Not recommended for decks
Health and Safety	<p>For detailed health and safety information refer to Material Safety Datasheet (MSDS)</p> <p>Usage</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">– Provide adequate ventilation during use– Keep out of reach of children <p>Personal</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">– Avoid contact with skin and eyes– Wash hands after use <p>Protective equipment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">– Wear protective eyewear and waterproof gloves– When spraying, wear dust mask or suitable respirator <p>Storage</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">– Store away from direct sunlight
Health Effects	<p>If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (NZ 0800 764 766).</p> <p>If swallowed: Rinse mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water.</p> <p>Eyes: If in eyes, hold eyes open, flush with running water for at least 15 minutes,</p> <p>Skin: If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly.</p> <p>Inhaled: Remove from contaminated area.</p>
Spills and Disposal	Do not allow spilt material to enter drains or other watercourses. Absorb spills with sand or other inert material. Do not pour leftover paint down the drain. Unwanted paint should be kept in a sealed container, such as an empty paint can, and disposed of via special waste collection services. Check with your local council regarding the disposal of empty paint containers. Empty paint containers should be left open in a well-ventilated area to dry out. When dry, recycle steel containers via steel can recycling programs. Disposal of empty paint containers via domestic recycling programs may vary between local authorities.